

## Boolean Values & Comparisons

True and False – the basis of all decisions.

Op	Meaning	Example	Result
<code>==</code>	Equal	<code>panels == 20</code>	True
<code>!=</code>	Not equal	<code>panels != 10</code>	True
<code>&lt;</code>	Less than	<code>bill &lt; 500</code>	True
<code>&gt;</code>	Greater	<code>watts &gt; 300</code>	True
<code>&lt;=</code>	Less/eq	<code>size &lt;= 6.6</code>	True
<code>&gt;=</code>	Greater/eq	<code>bill &gt;= 200</code>	True

```
if / elif / else
system_size = 6.6
if system_size <= 5:
    print("Small system")
elif system_size <= 10:
    print("Medium system")
else:
    print("Large system")
```

Only the first True branch runs. `else` catches the rest.

## Logical Operators

Op	True when...	Example
<code>and</code>	Both True	<code>size &lt;= 10 and owns_home</code>
<code>or</code>	At least one True	<code>bill &lt; 200 or has_rebate</code>
<code>not</code>	Condition is False	<code>not has_solar</code>

```
if income < 180000 and owns_home and not has_solar:
    print("You qualify for the rebate!")
```

## Nested Conditions

```
if system_size <= 10:
    if panel_quality == "premium":
        cost = cost * 1.3
```

Critical: Don't forget the colon : after `if/elif/else/while/for!`

## Boolean Truth Tables

A	B	A and B
T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	F
F	F	F

A	B	A or B
T	T	T
T	F	T
F	T	T
F	F	F

A	not A
T	F
F	T

## for Loop + range()

Usage	Generates
<code>range(5)</code>	0, 1, 2, 3, 4
<code>range(1, 6)</code>	1, 2, 3, 4, 5
<code>range(0, 11, 2)</code>	0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10

```
for year in range(1, 11):
    savings = savings * (1 + price_increase)
    total_savings = total_savings + savings
```

## while Loop

Use when you **don't know** how many iterations.

```
remaining_cost = 5000
years = 0
while remaining_cost > 0:
    years = years + 1
    remaining_cost = remaining_cost - 1200
print(f"Payback in {years} years")
```

## Input Validation Pattern

Set initial value to *fail* the condition so the loop enters at least once.

```
bill = -1 # Range check
while bill < 0 or bill > 5000:
    bill = float(input("Quarterly bill: "))

name = "" # Not-empty check
while name == "":
    name = input("Panel name: ")

size = "" # Membership check
while size not in ["small", "medium", "large"]:
    size = input("Size (small/medium/large): ")

panels = "" # Integer check
while not panels.isdigit():
    panels = input("Number of panels: ")
panels = int(panels)
```

## Accumulator Pattern

Running total inside a loop:

```
total_savings = 0
for bill in quarterly_bills:
    total_savings = total_savings + bill * 4
print(f"Total: ${total_savings}")
```

## for vs while

Use <code>for</code>	Use <code>while</code>
Known iterations	Unknown iterations
Iterating a list	Input validation
Counting a range	Waiting for condition

## Common Errors

`=` vs `==` – assigns, `==` compares.

`if bill = 500` → SyntaxError! Use `==`.

Missing colon – `if bill > 500` → SyntaxError.

Must write `if bill > 500:` with the colon.

**Infinite loop** – forgetting to update the condition.

Always change the variable tested by `while`.

**Wrong range bounds** – `range(1, 5)` gives 1–4, not 1–5.

Use `range(1, 6)` to include 5.

**and vs or in validation** –

“reject if `< 0 or > 100`” → `while val < 0 or val > 100`  
(not `and` – a value can't be both at once!)